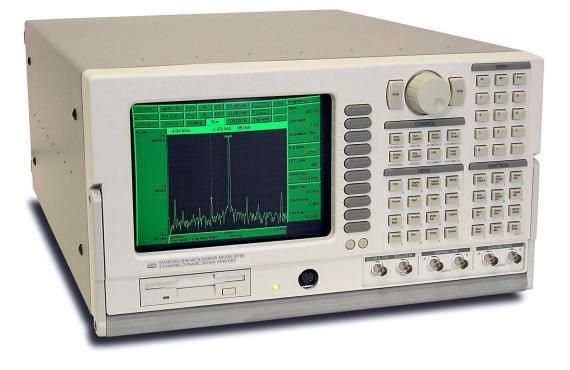
www.thinkSRS.com

ValueTronics International, Inc. - www.valuetronics.com - Toll Free: 800.552.8258

FFT Spectrum Analyzers

SR785 — 100 kHz 2-channel dynamic signal analyzer



- DC to 102.4 kHz bandwidth
- 90 dB dynamic range
- Low-distortion synthesized source
- 145 dB dynamic range in swept-sine mode
- Order tracking
- 20-pole/20-zero curve fitting
- Real-time octave analysis
- Up to 32 Mbyte memory
- GPIB and RS-232 interfaces

SR785 Dynamic Signal Analyzer

The SR785 Two-Channel Dynamic Signal Analyzer is a precision, full-featured signal analyzer that offers state-of-the-art performance at a price that's less than half that of competitive analyzers. Building on its predecessor, the SR780, the SR785 incorporates new firmware and hardware that make it the ideal instrument for analyzing both mechanical and electrical systems. For measurements involving servo systems, control systems, acoustics, vibration testing, modal analysis, or machinery diagnostics, the SR785 has the features and specifications to get the job done.

Standard measurement groups include FFT, order tracking, octave, swept-sine, correlation, time capture, and time/histogram. The SR785 brings the power of several instruments to your application: a spectrum analyzer, network analyzer, vibration analyzer, octave analyzer and oscilloscope.

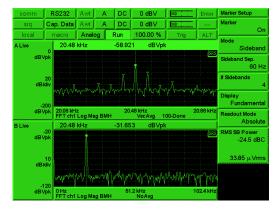
A unique measurement architecture allows the SR785 to function as a typical dual-channel analyzer with measurements like cross spectrum, frequency response, coherence, etc. Alternatively, the instrument can be configured so that each input channel functions as a single-channel analyzer with its own span, center frequency, resolution and averaging. This allows you to view a wide-band spectrum and simultaneously zoom in on spectral details. The same advanced architecture provides storage of all measurement building blocks and averaging modes. Vector averaged, rms averaged, unaveraged, and peak hold versions of all





phone: (408)744-9040 www.thinkSRS.com

measurements are simultaneously acquired and can be displayed without re-taking data.



Narrow band FFT (top), wide band FFT (bottom)

Averaging

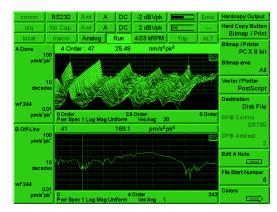
The SR785 comes equipped with a wide selection of averaging techniques to improve signal-to-noise ratio. RMS averaging reduces signal fluctuations, while vector averaging minimizes noise from synchronous signals. Peak hold averaging is also available. Both linear and exponential averaging are provided for each mode.

Because the SR785 is so fast, there's no need for a separate "fast averaging" mode. For instance, in a full-span FFT measurement with a 4 ms time record, 1000 averages take exactly 4 seconds, during which the SR785 still operates at its maximum display rate.

For impact testing, the average preview feature allows each time record or spectrum to be accepted or rejected before adding it to the measurement.

Order Tracking

Order tracking is used to evaluate the behavior of rotating machinery. Measurement data is displayed as a function of



Order map (top), tracked order (bottom)



multiples of the shaft frequency (orders), rather than absolute frequency. Combined with a waterfall plot, the SR785 provides a complete history or "order map" of your data as a function of time or rpm. Using the slice feature, the amplitude profile of specific orders in the map can be analyzed.

In tracked order mode, the intensity of individual orders vs. rpm is measured. Unlike other analyzers, there's no need to track a limited number of orders to ensure full speed measurements. The SR785's speed allows simultaneous tracking of up to 400 orders.

Run-up and run-down measurements are available in both polar and magnitude/phase formats. RPM profiling is provided to monitor variations of rpm as a function of time. A complete selection of time and rpm triggering modes is included, allowing you to make virtually any rotating machinery measurement.



Octave analysis

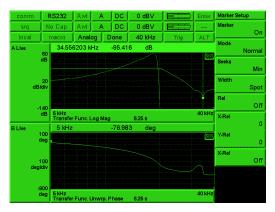
Octave Analysis

Real-time 1/1, 1/3 and 1/12 octave analysis, at frequencies up to 40 kHz (single channel) or 20 kHz (dual channel), is a standard feature of the SR785. Octave analysis is fully compliant with ANSI S1.11-1986 (Order 3, type 1-D) and IEC 225-1966. Switchable analog A-weighting filters, as well as A, B and C weighting math functions, are included. Averaging choices include exponential time averaging, linear time averaging, peak hold, and equal confidence averaging. Broadband sound level is measured and displayed as the last band in the octave graph. Total power, impulse, peak hold and L_{eq} are all available. Exponentially averaged sound power (L_{eq}) is calculated according to ANSI S1.4-1983, Type 0.

Octave displays can be plotted as waterfalls with a fast 4 ms storage interval. Once data is stored in the waterfall buffer, the SR785 can display centile exceedance statistics for each 1/1, 1/3 or 1/12 octave band, as well as for L_{eq} .

Swept-Sine Measurements

Swept-sine mode is ideal for signal analysis that involves high dynamic range or wide frequency spans. Gain is optimized at



Swept-sine Bode plot of low pass filter response

each point in the measurement, producing up to 145 dB of dynamic range. A frequency resolution of up to 2000 points is also provided. Auto-ranging can be used with source auto-leveling to maintain a constant input or output level at the device under test (to test response at a specific amplitude, for instance).

Auto-resolution ensures the fastest possible sweeps, and adjusts the frequency steps in the scan based on the DUT's response. Phase and amplitude changes that exceed userdefined thresholds are measured with high frequency resolution, while small changes are measured using wider frequency steps between points. A choice of linear sweeps with high resolution, or logarithmic sweeps with up to eight decades of frequency range, is provided.

Time/Histogram

The time/histogram measurement group is used to analyze time-domain data. A histogram of the time data vs. signal amplitude is provided for accurate time domain signal characterization. Statistical analysis capabilities include both probability density function (PDF) and cumulative density function (CDF). The sample rate, number of samples, and number of bins can all be adjusted.

Time Capture

The SR785 comes with 8 Mbytes of memory (32 Mbytes optional). Analog waveforms can be captured at sampling rates of 262 kHz or any binary sub-multiple, allowing you to optimize sampling rate and storage for any application. For example, 8 Msamples of memory will capture 32 seconds of time domain data at the maximum 262 kHz sample rate, or about 9 hours of data at a 256 Hz sample rate. Once captured, any portion of the signal can be played back in any of the SR785's measurement groups except swept-sine. The convenient Auto-Pan feature lets you display measurement results synchronously with the corresponding portion of the capture buffer to identify important features.

Transducer Units

Automatic unit conversion makes translating transducer data easy. Enter your transducer conversion directly in V/EU, EU/V or dB (1V/EU). The SR785 will display the result in

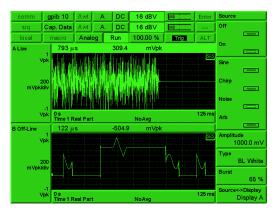


units of meters, inches, m/sec^2 , in/sec^2 , m/s, in/s, mil, g, kg, lbs., N, dynes, pascals or bars. Built-in ICP power is provided for accelerometers. Acoustic measurement results can be displayed in dBSPL, while electrical units include V, V^2 , dBV and dBm.

Source

The SR785 comes with six precision source types: lowdistortion (-80 dBc) single or two-tone sine waves, white noise, pink noise, chirp, and arbitrary waveforms. The chirp and noise sources can be bursted to provide activity over a selected portion of the time record for FFT measurements, or to provide impulse noise for acoustic measurements. The digitally synthesized source produces output levels from 0.1 mV to 5 V, DC offset from 0 to \pm 5 V, and delivers up to 100 mA of current.

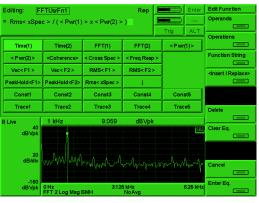
Arbitrary waveform capability is standard with the SR785. Use the arbitrary source to playback a section of a captured waveform, play a selected FFT time record, or upload your own custom waveform from your computer.



Burst noise source (top), arbitrary waveform source (bottom)

User Math

Custom measurements can be created in each of the SR785's measurement groups using the math menu. Enter any equation involving rms averaged, vector averaged or unaveraged time



User Math

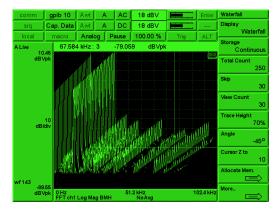
phone: (408)744-9040 www.thinkSRS.com

SR785 Dynamic Signal Analyzer

or frequency data, stored files, constants, or a rich array of supplied operations including arithmetic functions, FFT, inverse FFT, j ω , d/d ω , exp, ln x and many others. All of the averaging modes are available as user math operands. Unlike many other analyzers, the SR785's measurement rate is virtually unaffected when user math is selected. For instance, the function exp(ln(conj(FFT2/FFT1))) can be calculated with a 100 kHz real-time bandwidth.

Waterfall

Waterfall plots are a convenient way of viewing a time history of your data. Each successive measurement record is plotted along the z-axis making it easy to see trends in the data. All FFT, octave and order tracking measurements can be stored in the SR785's waterfall buffer memory. You can choose to save all measurements and averaging modes, or just the current measurement to conserve memory. Waterfall traces can be stored every n time records for FFT and order tracking measurements. For order tracking measurements, new records can be acquired at a specific time interval or change in rpm. In



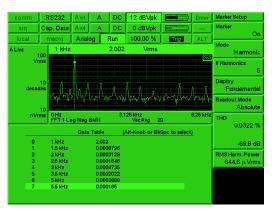
Waterfall plot

octave measurements, the storage interval is in seconds (as fast as every 4 ms). While displaying waterfall plots, you can adjust the skew angle to reveal important features, or change the baseline threshold to eliminate low-level clutter. Any z-axis slice or x-axis record can be saved to disk or displayed separately for analysis.

Analysis

The SR785 includes a wide variety of analysis features. Marker analysis lets you measure the power contained in harmonics, sidebands or within a given band of frequencies. Important information such as THD, THD+N, sideband power relative to a carrier, or total integrated power are calculated in real time and displayed on the screen. The front/back display feature allows you to view live data from both signal inputs on one graph. You can also simultaneously display saved traces and live data. The peak-find marker allows you to quickly locate frequency peaks with the click of a button. The marker statistics feature calculates the maximum, minimum, mean and standard deviation of data in any section of the display.





Total harmonic distortion (THD)

For modal analysis, the cursor can be configured to display the resonant frequency and damping of a single selected mode.

Data tables are used to display up to 100 selected data points in tabular format. Limit tables let you to define up to 100 upper and lower limit segments in each display for GO/NO-GO testing.

Curve Fit and Synthesis

The SR785 has a 20-pole/20-zero curve fitter that can fit frequency-domain data from both the FFT and swept-sine measurement groups. Curve models can be displayed in pole/zero, pole/residue and polynomial formats. Synthesis reverses the process; enter a model in any of the above formats and the SR785 synthesizes the required curve. The curve-fit/synthesis menu allows you to change gain, delay and frequency scale, set pole and zero locations, and instantly see the response of the modeled system.

Output

The SR785's 3.5" disk drive, computer interfaces (GPIB and RS-232), and printer port provide flexibility when saving, printing and exporting data. Data can be saved in binary or ASCII formats, and displays can be printed/plotted to any of the ports or the disk drive. Supported formats include PCL (LaserJet/DeskJet), dot-matrix, postscript, HP-GL, PCX or GIF. An annotation editor lets you add text, time, date and file names to any part of the plot.

Data Conversion Utilities

The SR785 comes with a complete suite of data conversion utilities for both Windows and DOS operating systems. SR785 files can be converted to ASCII for use with spreadsheets, or Universal File Format (UFF) and HP SDF for use with modal analysis programs. SR785 files can also be converted to MAT file format for use with MATLAB. Conversion from external file types is also supported. Both HP SDF and SR780 files can be converted to SR785 format.

> phone: (408)744-9040 www.thinkSRS.com

SR785 Features

Instrument Modes

FFT, Time/Histogram, Correlation, Octave, Swept-Sine, Order Tracking

Frequency Domain Measurements

Frequency Response, Linear Spectrum, Cross Spectrum, Power Spectrum, Coherence, Power Spectral Density

Time Domain Measurements

Time Record, Cross-Correlation, Auto-Correlation, Orbit

Amplitude Domain Measurements

Histogram, PDF, CDF

FFT Resolution

100, 200, 400, 800 lines

Views

Linear Magnitude, Log Magnitude, dB Magnitude, Magnitude Squared, Real Part, Imaginary Part, Phase, Unwrapped Phase, Nichols, Nyquist, Polar

Units

V, V², V²/Hz, V/ \sqrt{Hz} , meters, meters/s, meters/s², inches, inches/s, inches/s², mils, g, kg, lbs., N, dynes, pascals, bars, SPL, user-defined engineering units (EUs)

Displays

Single, Dual, Front/Back Overlay, Waterfall with Skew, Zoom and Pan, Grid On/Off

Marker Functions

Trace Marker, Dual-Trace Linked Marker, Absolute and Relative Marker, Peak Find, Harmonic Marker, Band and Sideband Marker, Waterfall Marker, Frequency-Damping Marker

Windows

Hanning, Blackman-Harris, Flat-Top, Kaiser, Force/Exponential, User-Defined, ±T/2, ±T/4, T/2, Uniform

Source Outputs

Sine, Two-Tone, Swept-Sine, White/Pink Noise, Burst Noise, Chirp, Burst Chirp, and Arbitrary

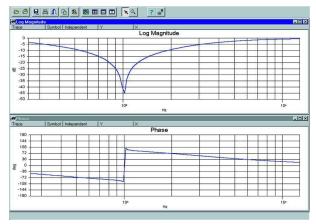
Averaging

RMS, Vector, Peak Hold, Linear, Exponential, Equal Confidence (Octave), Preview Time Record, Percent Overlap Averaging, Overload Reject



SR785 rear panel





DataViewer software

DataViewer

Windows graphics program for viewing SR785 files. Graphs can be pasted to the clipboard or saved in PCX, BMP or GIF format. You can perform simple editing, add pointers and text, change scaling, perform simple math operations, and copy measurement data into other applications.

Data Conversion Utility

Data, waterfall and capture files can be converted to ASCII. Data files can also be converted to Universal File Format, SDF format or MATLAB MAT-File Format. SDF and SR780 files can be converted to SR785 format.

Time Capture

Captures time data for later analysis (FFT or Octave). Up to 2 Msamples (8 Msamples optional) of data can be saved.

User Math

+, -, ×, ÷, Conjugate, Magnitude/Phase, Real/Imaginary, Sqrt, FFT, Inverse FFT, j ω , Log, Exp, d/dx, Group Delay, A-Weighting, B-Weighting, C-Weighting, x/x-1, Trace 1 to 4, Vector Average, RMS Average, Peak Hold

Analysis

Harmonic, Band, Sideband, THD, THD + N, Limit Test, Data Table, Exceedance, Statistics, Curve Fit/Synthesis

Triggering

Continuous, Internal, External (Analog or TTL), Source, Auto/Manual Arming, GPIB, RPM Step, Time Step, Pre/Post Trigger Delay

Ordering Information

SR785	Dynamic signal analyzer	\$11,950
O780M1	8 Msample (32 Mbyte) memory	\$800
O780RM	Rack mount kit	\$85
CT100	SRS instrument cart	\$850

phone: (408)744-9040 www.thinkSRS.com

ValueTronics International, Inc. - www.valuetronics.com - Toll Free: 800.552.8258

SR785 Specifications

Specifications apply after 30 minutes warm-up and within two hours of last auto-offset. Measured with 400-line resolution and anti-alias filters enabled unless stated otherwise.

Measurement Groups

Groups	FFT, Correlation, Time Histogram, Swept-Sine, Order Tracking
Frequency	
Range	102.4 kHz or 100 kHz (both displays have the same range)
FFT spans	195.3 mHz to 102.4 kHz or 191 mHz to 100 kHz. The two displays can have different spans
FFT resolution	and start frequencies. 100, 200, 400 or 800 lines
Real-time bandwidth	100, 200, 400 of 800 lines 102.4 kHz (highest FFT span with
	continuous data acquisition and averaging)
Accuracy	25 ppm from 20 °C to 40 °C
Dynamic Range	
Dynamic range	 90 dB typical, 80 dB guaranteed (FFT and Octave). 145 dB typical (Swept-Sine). Includes spurs, harmonics, intermodulation distortion, and alias products. Excludes alias responses at extremes of span.
Harmonic distortion	< -80 dB (single tone in band)
Intermod. distortion	< -80 dB (two tones in band, each less than -6.02 dBfs)
Spurious	< -80 dBfs
Alias responses	< -80 dBfs (single tone outside of span, <0 dBfs, less than 1 MHz)
Full-span FFT noise floor	-100 dBfs typical (input grounded, > -30 dBV, Hanning window, 64 rms averages)
Residual DC response	< -30 dBfs (FFT with Auto-Cal on)
Amplitude Accuracy	

±0.2 dB (excluding window effects) Single channel Cross channel ±0.05 dB, DC to 102.4 kHz (frequency response measurement, both inputs on the same range, rms averaged)

Phase Accuracy

Single channel

 ± 3.0 deg. relative to external TTL trigger (-50 dBfs to 0 dBfs, freq. <10.24 kHz, center of frequency bin, DC coupled). For Blackman-Harris, Hanning, Flat-Top and Kaiser windows, phase is relative to a cosine wave at center of time record. For Uniform, Force and

Exponential windows, phase is relative to a cosine wave at beginning of the time record. Cross channel ± 0.5 deg. (DC to 51.2 kHz) ± 1.0 deg. (DC to 102.4 kHz) (frequency response meas., both inputs on same range, vector avg.) **Signal Inputs** Number of inputs 2 Full-scale input range -50 dBV (3.16 mVp) to +34 dBV (50 Vp) in 2 dB steps Maximum input level 57 Vp Single-ended (A), differential (A–B) Input configuration $1 M\Omega + 50 pF$ Input impedance

Shield to chassis Floating mode: $1 M\Omega + 0.01 \mu F$ Grounded mode: 50 Ω Shields grounded in (A-B) mode Max. shield voltage 4 Vp 0.16 Hz cutoff frequency AC coupling CMRR 90 dB at 1 kHz (input range <0 dBV) 80 dB at 1 kHz (input range <10 dBV) 50 dB at 1 kHz (input range \geq 10 dBV) ICP signal conditioning Current source: 4.8 mA Open circuit voltage: +26 V Type 0 tolerance, ANSI standard A-weight filter S1.4-1983 (10 Hz to 25.6 kHz) Crosstalk < -145 dB below signal (input to input and source to inputs, 50 Ω receiving input source impedance) Input noise $<10 \text{ nVrms}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ above 200 Hz $(< -160 \text{ dBVrms}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}})$

Trigger Input

Modes	Free Run, Internal, External, or External TTL
Internal	Level adjustable to ± 100 % of input scale. (Positive or negative slope)
	Min. trigger level: 5 % of input range
External	Level adjustable to ± 5 V in 40 mV
	steps. (Positive or negative slope)
	Input impedance: $1 M\Omega$
	Max. input: ±5 V
	Min. trigger level: 100 mV
External TTL	Requires TTL level to trigger
	(low < 0.7 V, high > 3.0 V)
Post-trigger	Measurement record is delayed up
	to 100,000 samples after the trigger.
Pre-trigger	Measurement record starts up to
	8000 samples prior to the trigger.

Tachometer Input

Pulses per revolution RPM accuracy Tach level range Tach level resolution Max. tach input level 1 to 2048 ±50 ppm (typ.) ±25 V, ±5 V, TTL 20 mV @ ±25 V, 4 mV @ ±5 V ±40 Vp



phone: (408)744-9040 www.thinkSRS.com

ValueTronics International, Inc. - www.valuetronics.com - Toll Free: 800.552.8258

SR785 Specifications

Min. tach pulse width 100 ns Max. tach pulse rate 750 kHz

Transient Capture

Mode Maximum rate Maximum capture length

Octave Analysis

Standards		ANSI std. S1.11-1986 I-D and IEC 225-1966
Frequency range	(Band centers)	
	Single channe	l
	1/1 Octave	0.125 Hz to 32 kHz
	1/3 Octave	0.100 Hz to 40 kHz
	1/12 Octave	0.091 Hz to 12.3 kHz
	Two channels	
	1/1 Octave	0.125 Hz to 16 kHz
	1/3 Octave	0.100 Hz to 20 kHz
	1/12 Octave	0.091 Hz to 6.17 kHz
Accuracy	<0.2 dB (1 sec	cond stable average,
	single tone at	band center)
Dynamic range	80 dB (1/3 Octave, 2 second stable	
	average) per A	NSI S1.11-1986
Sound level	Impulse, Peak	, Fast, Slow and L _{eq}
		4-1983 Type 0 and
	IEC 651-1979	Type 0

Order Tracking

Delta order

Resolution

Displays

0.0075 to 1 up to 400 lines ± 1 dB (typ.) Amplitude accuracy Order map (mag. and phase), order track (mag. and phase), orbit

20-pole/20-zero curve fit

Auto or manual

(non-iterative rational fraction)

Pole-zero, polynomial, pole-residue

Continuous data recording 262,144 samples/s for both inputs

2 Msamples (single input)

8 Msamples with optional memory

Curve Fit and Synthesis

Type

Order selection Output format

Source Output

Amplitude range Amplitude resolution DC offset Offset adjust Output impedance

0.1 mVp to 5 Vp 0.1 mVp <10.0 mV (typ.) ±5 VDC (sine, swept-sine, two-tone) $<5 \Omega$, $\pm 100 \text{ mA}$ peak output current

Sine Source

Amplitude accuracy

Harmonics, sub-harm.

±1 % of setting, 0 Hz to 102.4 kHz 0.1 Vp to 5 Vp into Hi-Z load

0.1 Vp to 5 Vp & spurious signals < -80 dBc (fundamental <30 kHz) < -75 dBc (fundamental <102 kHz)



Two-Tone Source

Amplitude accuracy	± 1 % of setting, 0 Hz to 102.4 kHz,
Harmonics, sub-harm.	0.1 Vp to 5 Vp into Hi-Z load < -80 dBc, 0.1 Vp to 2.5 Vp

White Noise Source

Time Record	Continuous or burst
Bandwidth	DC to 102.4 kHz or limited to span
Flatness	<0.25 dBpp (typ.), 5000 rms
	averages (<1.0 dBpp (max.))

Pink Noise Source

Bandwidth	DC to 102.4 kHz
Flatness	<2.0 dBpp, 20 Hz to 20 kHz (meas-
	ured using averaged 1/3 oct. analysis)

±5 V

Chirp Source

Time record Output Flatness

Swept-Sine Source

Auto functions Dynamic range Source level, input range and frequency resolution 145 dB

variable output sample rate

2 Msamples (playback from arbitrary

waveform memory or capture buffer),

Sine sweep across the FFT span

Continuous or Burst

±0.25 dB (1.0 Vp)

Arbitrary Source

Amplitude range Record length

General

Disk

Power

CRT monitor Monochrome, 800H by 600V res. Interfaces IEEE-488.2, RS-232 and printer interfaces (standard). All instrument functions can be controlled through computer interfaces. A PC (XT) keyboard input is provided for additional flexibility. Hardcopy Print to dot matrix and PCL compatible printers. Plot to HP-GL or postscript plotters. Print/plot to RS-232 or IEEE-488.2 interfaces or disk file. Additional file formats include GIF, PCX and EPS. 3.5" DOS format, 1.44 Mbytes Preamp power Power connector for SRS preamps 70 W, 100/120/220/240 VÂC, 50/60 Hz 17" × 8.25" × 24" (WHD) Dimensions 56 lbs. Weight Warranty One year parts and labor on defects in materials and workmanship

> phone: (408)744-9040 www.thinkSRS.com